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**SOP:** Propagation of K562  
**Date modified:** 9/5/2008  
**Modified by:** J. Goldy/M. Dorschner

### **Ordering Information**

**K562** may be ordered from ATCC as a frozen ampoule.

Name: K562-chronic myelogenous leukemia  
ATCC #: CCL-243

### **Notes:**

This cell line grows in suspension.

### **Materials List**

1. RPMI 1640 with 2mM L-glutamine (cellgro Cat# 10-040-CM)
2. Fetal Bovine Serum (cellgro Cat# 35-016-CV)
3. Sodium Pyruvate (cellgro Cat# 25-000-CI)
4. T225 & T25 culture flasks
5. Graduated pipets (1, 5, 25mL)
6. Penicillin-Streptomycin Solution (100X) (Cellgro Cat# 30-002-CI)
7. Hemocytometer
8. Micropipet w/ P20 tips
9. Microscope

### **Growth Media for K562**

RPMI 1640 with 2mM L-glutamine  
Sodium Pyruvate 10mM  
10% FBS  
Pen-Strep (1x)

### **Procedure**

#### **A. Receipt of Frozen cells and starting cell cultures.**

- 1) Immediately place frozen cells in liquid nitrogen storage incubator.
- 2) Quickly thaw ampoule in 37°C water bath.
- 3) Transfer thawed cells to a T25 flask with 10ml of warm growth media.
- 4) Allow cells to recover over night in 37°C, 5% CO<sub>2</sub> humidified incubator.
- 5) The take cell count and spin down cells, 500g for 5 minutes, then decant old media
- 6) Re-suspend cells in warm fresh media at a volume to yield a density of 2x10<sup>5</sup> cells/ml.

#### **B. Sub-culture**

- 1) Take cell counts every 48 to 72 hours.
- 2) Maintain cell density between 1x10<sup>5</sup> and 1x10<sup>6</sup> cells/ml.
- 3) Add fresh warm media when appropriate.
- 4) Record each subculture event as a passage.
- 5) Cells can be spun down, 500g for 5 minutes, rinsed with 1x PBS and re-suspend in a smaller volume of warm growth media when appropriate

**C. Maintenance**

- 1) Change media as cell density requires.

**D. Harvest**

- 1) Pass cells until desired cell number is achieved
- 2) Spin down cells and rinse with 1x PBS as described in `sub-culturing`

**SOP:** Propagation of GM12878  
**Date modified:** 10/29/2008  
**Modified by:** Jeff Goldy/M. Dorschner

### **Ordering Information**

GM12878 may be ordered from Coriell Cell Repositories. Proliferating cells are shipped in a T25 flask with 10-20ml of media.

To order starter cultures:

Name/Catalogue #: GM12878

### **Notes:**

This cell line grows in suspension and should be maintained at a density between  $2 \times 10^5$  cells/ml and  $1 \times 10^6$  cells/ml.

### **Materials List**

1. RPMI 1640 with 2mM L-glutamine (cellgro Cat# 10-040-CM)
2. Fetal Bovine Serum (cellgro Cat# 35-016-CV)
3. T225 culture flasks
4. Graduated pipets (1, 5, 25, 50mL)
5. Penicillin-Streptomycin Solution, 100X (Cellgro, Cat#300-002CI)
6. Hemocytometer
7. Micropipet w/ P20 tips
8. Microscope
9. Freezing medium (growth medium containing 6% DMSO)

### **Growth Medium for GM12878**

RPMI 1640 with 2mM L-glutamine  
15% FBS  
Pen-Strep (1X)

### **Procedure**

#### **A. Receipt of proliferating cells and generation of seed stocks**

- 1) Equilibrate unopened T25 flask overnight in 37°C, 5% CO<sub>2</sub> humidified incubator to allow cells to recover.
- 2) Cells should be counted the next day and split to achieve a cell density of 200,000-500,000 cells/ml.
- 3) Cells should be incubated in upright flasks with vented or loose caps.
- 4) Upon reaching the desired number, cells should be spun down, rinsed with 1X PBS, resuspended in freezing medium.
- 5) Cells are dispensed into cryovials (2 million per aliquot) and frozen in a -80°C isopropanol bath overnight.
- 6) Cryovials are transferred the next day to liquid nitrogen for long term storage.

**B. Sub-culture and Maintenance**

- 1) Maintain culture at a cell density between  $2 \times 10^5$  and  $1 \times 10^6$  cells/ml.
- 2) Cells will either need to be fed again after 3-4 days or split depending on the cell density. Splitting can be performed by centrifuging cells at 500g for 5 minutes, decanting growth medium and rinsing in sterile 1X PBS. Cells should then be resuspended in fresh growth medium to achieve a density  $2 \times 10^5$  and  $1 \times 10^6$  cells/ml.

**C. Harvest**

- 1) Pass cells until the desired number of cells is reached.
- 2) Spin down and rinse cells as described above in Sub-culture and maintenance.

**SOP:** Propagation of HeLa S3  
**Date modified:** 10/29/2008  
**Modified by:** J. Goldy/M. Dorschner

### **Ordering Information**

HeLa S3 may be ordered from ATCC as a frozen ampoule.

Name: HeLa S3, cervical carcinoma  
ATCC #: CCL-2.2

### **Notes:**

This is an adherent cell line. We use DMEM in place of ATCC recommended F-12K medium.

### **Materials List**

1. DMEM with 2mM L-glutamine (cellgro Cat# 10-013-CM)
2. Fetal Bovine Serum (cellgro Cat# 35-016-CV)
3. T75 & T225 culture flasks
4. Graduated pipets (1, 5, 25mL)
5. Penicillin-Streptomycin Solution (100X) (Cellgro Cat# 30-002-CI)
6. Hemocytometer
7. Micropipet w/ P20 tips
8. Microscope

### **Growth Media for HeLa S3**

DMEM with 2mM L-glutamine  
10% FBS  
1x Pen-Strep

### **Procedure**

#### **A. Receipt of Frozen cells and starting cell cultures.**

- 1) Immediately place frozen cells in liquid nitrogen storage incubator.
- 2) Quickly thaw ampoule in 37C water bath
- 3) Transfer thawed cells to a T75 flask with 40ml of warm growth media.
- 4) Allow cells to recover over night in 37°C, 5% CO<sub>2</sub> humidified incubator.
- 5) Pour off medium the next day, replace with fresh medium and return to incubator.

#### **B. Sub-culture**

- 1) Propagate cells until density reaches 70-80% confluence.
- 2) Decant medium.
- 3) Wash cells with warm 1X PBS.
- 4) Add 8mLs of Accutase and return to incubator for 10-15 minutes.
- 5) Immediately remove cells and pellet at 500 xg for 3 minutes (4°C)
- 6) Wash cells 2X with 1X PBS.
- 7) Gently re-suspend cell pellet in warm medium.
- 8) Perform 1:4 to 1:8 cell split as needed
- 9) Record each subculture event as a passage

**C. Maintenance**

- 1) Change media the day after seeding and every 72 hours thereafter.  
Use 50ml of media per T225

**D. Harvest**

- 1) Do not use cells that have been passed more than 25 times
- 2) Remove cells from flasks according to protocol described above under 'sub-culturing'
- 3) Examine viability using trypan blue staining.

**SOP:** Propagation of HepG2  
**Date modified:** 9/5/2008  
**Modified by:** J. Goldy/M. Dorschner

### **Ordering Information**

HepG2 can be ordered from ATCC as a frozen ampoule.

Name: HepG2, hepatocellular carcinoma  
ATCC #: HB-8065

### **Notes:**

This is an adherent cell line.

### **Materials List**

1. MEM with 2mM L-glutamine (Cellgro Cat# 10-010-CM)
2. Fetal Bovine Serum (Cellgro Cat# 35-016-CV)
3. Sodium Bicarbonate (Cellgro Cat# 25-035-CI)
4. Sodium pyruvate (Cellgro Cat# 25-000-CI)
5. Non-essential amino acids (Cellgro Cat# 25-025-CI)
6. T75 & T225 culture flasks
7. Graduated pipets (1, 5, 25mL)
8. Penicillin-Streptomycin Solution (100X) (Cellgro Cat# 30-002-CI)
9. Hemocytometer
10. Micropipet w/ P20 tips
11. Microscope

### **Growth Medium for HepG2**

MEM with 2mM L-glutamine  
Non-essential amino acids  
Sodium Pyruvate 1mM  
10% FBS  
Pen-Strep (1X)  
Sodium Bicarbonate 1.5g/L

### **Procedure**

#### **A. Receipt of frozen cells and starting cell cultures.**

- 1) Immediately place frozen cells in liquid nitrogen storage incubator.
- 2) Quickly thaw ampoule in 37 °C water bath
- 3) Transfer thawed cells to a T75 flask with 40mLs of warm growth media.
- 4) Allow cells to recover over night in 37°C, 5% CO<sub>2</sub> humidified incubator.
- 5) Pour off medium the next day, replace with fresh medium and return to incubator.



**B. Sub-culture**

- 1) Propagate cells until density reaches 70-80% confluence.
- 2) Decant medium.
- 3) Wash cells with warm 1X PBS.
- 4) Add 8mLs of Accutase and return to incubator for 10-15 minutes.
- 5) Immediately remove cells and pellet at 500 xg for 5 minutes (4°C).
- 6) Wash cells 2X with 1X PBS.
- 7) Gently re-suspend cell pellet in warm medium.
- 8) Perform 1:4 to 1:6 cell split as needed.
- 9) Record each subculture event as a passage.

**C. Maintenance**

- 1) Change media the day after seeding and every 2-3 days thereafter.  
Use ~50mLs of medium per T225 flasks.

**D. Harvest**

- 1) Do not use cells that have been passed more than 8 times.
- 2) Remove cells from flasks according to protocol described above under 'subculturing'.
- 3) Examine viability using trypan blue staining (SOP).

**SOP:** Propagation of primary Human Umbilical Vein Endothelial Cells  
(HUVECs; Lonza Biosciences)  
**Date modified:** 8/27/08  
**Modified by:** M. Dorschner (UW)  
L. Dillon (NHGRI)

### Ordering Information

Primary Human Umbilical Vein Endothelial Cells (HUVECs) may be ordered either as frozen ampules or as starter cultures. The former contain  $\sim 0.5-1 \times 10^5$  cells; the latter are initiated at Lonza and sent in a T225 flask containing  $6-7 \times 10^6$  cells.

For all orders, provide (1) Reservation #; (2) Contract/quotation #; (3) Individual (Lot #); and (4) Item #s, as follows:

Reservation number: ~~RZ-495718~~ 3122124 (Updated 7/22/08)  
Contract number: P101416  
Individual H1: Lot #7F3239 - Male, Caucasian,  
154 amps available, 0 amps available (7/22/08)  
  
Individual H2: Lot #7F3771 - Male, African American  
144 amps available, 38 amps available (7/22/08)

To order frozen ampules + media:

Name: HUVEC – Umbilical Vein Endo Cells  
Item #: CC-2517 (HUVEC in EGM® - Cryopreserved ampule)  
CC-3162 (EGM-2 BulletKit = CC-3156 + CC-4176)

To order starter cultures:

Name: HUVEC – Umbilical Vein Endo Cells  
Item #: CC2501T225 (HUVECs in EGM® T-225 Flask)  
CC-3162 (EGM-2 BulletKit = CC-3156 + CC-4176)

### Notes:

The number of BulletKits purchased depends on the target number of cells to be generated. A rule of thumb is 10 BulletKits for every initial T225 flask of cells. It is strongly recommended to purchase all of the media that will be required for a complete expansion series (see below), since media supply may be erratic.

## **Materials List**

1. Cell-type specific medium (BulletKits – Lonza Biosciences)
2. T225 culture flasks
3. Graduated pipets (1, 5, 25mL)
4. Pen-strep solution (if required; Lonza typically supplies antibiotics)
5. Hemocytometer
6. Micropipet w/ P20 tips
7. Microscope

## **Procedure**

### **A. Receipt of proliferating cells**

- 1) Equilibrate for 3-4 hours in 37°C, 5% CO<sub>2</sub> humidified incubator.
- 2) Remove shipping medium. Replace with fresh medium and return to incubator.

### **B. Sub-culture**

- 1) Propagate cells until density reaches 70-80% confluence.
- 2) Decant medium.
- 3) Wash cells with warm 1X PBS.
- 4) Add 8mLs of Accutase and return to incubator for 10-15 minutes.
- 5) Immediately remove cells and pellet at 500 xg for 3 minutes (4°C)
- 6) Wash cells 2X with 1X PBS.
- 7) Gently re-suspend cell pellet in warm medium.
- 8) Count cells with hemocytometer.
- 9) Add warmed medium to flasks.
- 10) Seed flasks at **5,000 cells/cm<sup>2</sup>**
- 11) Record each subculture event as a passage

### **C. Maintenance**

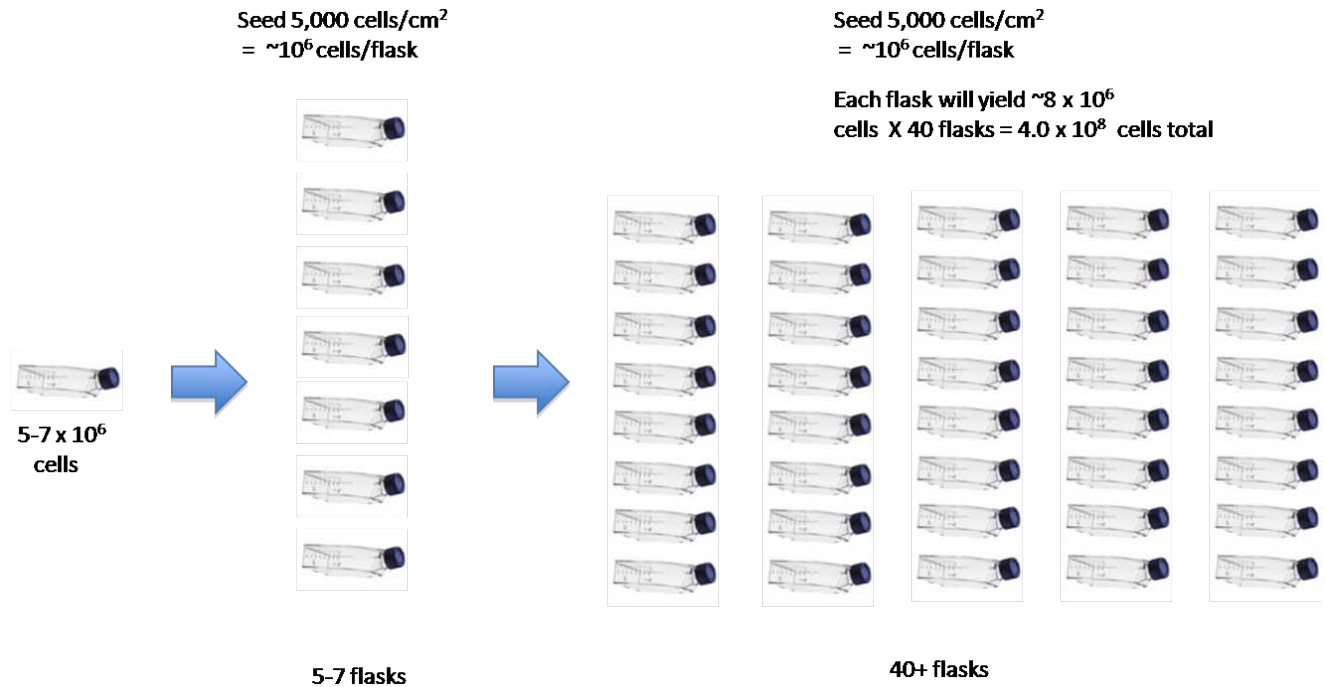
- 1) Change media the day after seeding and every OTHER day thereafter.
- 2) Increase media volume as confluency increases (volumes assume the use of
- 3) T225 flasks):
  - a. 25 % = 1mL/5 cm<sup>2</sup>
  - b. 25-45% = 1.5mL/ 5 cm<sup>2</sup>
  - c. 45%+ = 2mL/ 5 cm<sup>2</sup>
- 4) Per the above an exemplary schedule might be:
  - a. day 1, plate into T225: use 50 mls of media.
  - b. day 2, change media, use 50 mls of media
  - c. day 4, change media, use 100 mls of media (if confluency is >50%)
  - d. day 6, change media, use 100 mls of media (or harvest if ready)
  - e. day 7 or 8 (harvest when cells reach 6 x 10<sup>6</sup> cells/flask)

### **D. Harvest**

- 1) Pass cells 3-4 times until the desired cell number is achieved (primary cells will senesce after 4-5 passages).
- 2) Remove cells from flasks according to protocol described above under 'subculturing'
- 3) Examine viability using trypan blue staining (SOP)

**Exemplary Expansion**

The diagram below illustrates an exemplary expansion of HUVECs from a Lonza starter culture:



- The initial T225 flask received from Lonza will have  $\sim 6 \times 10^6$  cells; this will then be split and seeded at  $\sim 3,500 \text{ cells/cm}^2$ ; each new T225 flask will therefore be seeded with  $\sim 750\text{K}$  cells.
- The initial flask will yield up to 7-8 daughter flasks depending on how large of an expansion is targeted.
- Once these flasks have reached the target density again, they can be split and seeded into up to 40 flasks.
- The 40 granddaughter flasks will each yield  $\sim 6 \times 10^6$  cells, providing a total theoretical yield of  $2.5 \times 10^8$  cells.

**Media requirements:** Each flask will require  $\sim 50\text{mL}$  of medium with additional medium for feedings during the doubling/expansion process.

**SOP:** Propagation of primary keratinocytes (NHEK; Lonza Biosciences)  
**Date modified:** 7/22/08  
**Modified by:** M. Dorschner (UW)  
L. Dillon (NHGRI)

### Ordering Information

Normal Human Epidermal Keratinocytes (NHEKs) may be ordered either as frozen ampules or as starter cultures. The former contain  $\sim 0.5-1 \times 10^5$  cells; the latter are initiated at Lonza and sent in a T225 flask containing  $6-7 \times 10^6$  cells.

For all orders, provide (1) Reservation #; (2) Contract/quotation #; (3) Individual (Lot #); and (4) Item #s, as follows:

Reservation number: ~~RZ-495718~~ 3122124 (Updated 7/22/08)  
Contract number: P101416  
Individual K1: Lot #4F1155J - Female, African American  
~~178 amps available~~, 51 amps available (7/22/08)  
  
Individual K2: Lot #7F4307 - Female, Caucasian  
~~179 amps available~~; 139 amps available (7/22/08)

To order frozen ampules + media:

Name: NHEK – Adult Keratinocytes  
Item #: CC-2501 (NHEK in KGM® - Cryopreserved ampule)  
  
CC-3111 (KGM BulletKit = CC-3101 + CC-4131)

To order starter cultures:

Name: NHEK – Adult Keratinocytes  
Item #: CC2501T225 (NHEKs in KGM® T225 Flask)  
CC-3111 (KGM BulletKit = CC-3101 + CC-4131)

### Notes:

The number of BulletKits purchased depends on the target number of cells to be generated. A rule of thumb is 10 BulletKits for every initial T225 flask of cells. It is strongly recommended to purchase all of the media that will be required for a complete expansion series (see below), since media supply may be erratic.

## **Materials List**

1. Cell-type specific medium (BulletKits – Lonza Biosciences)
2. T225 culture flasks
3. Graduated pipets (1, 5, 25mL)
4. Pen-strep solution (if required; Lonza typically supplies antibiotics)
5. Hemocytometer
6. Micropipet w/ P20 tips
7. Microscope

## **Procedure**

### **A. Receipt of proliferating cells**

- 1) Equilibrate for 3-4 hours in 37°C, 5% CO<sub>2</sub> humidified incubator.
- 2) Remove shipping medium. Replace with fresh medium and return to incubator.

### **B. Sub-culture**

- 1) Propagate cells until density reaches 70-80% confluence.
- 2) Decant medium.
- 3) Wash cells with warm 1X PBS.
- 4) Add 8mLs of Accutase and return to incubator for 10-15 minutes.
- 5) Immediately remove cells and pellet at 500 xg for 3 minutes (4°C)
- 6) Wash cells 2X with 1X PBS.
- 7) Gently re-suspend cell pellet in warm medium.
- 8) Count cells with hemocytometer.
- 9) Add warmed medium to flasks.
- 10) Seed flasks at **3,500 cells/cm<sup>2</sup>**
- 11) Record each subculture event as a passage

### **C. Maintenance**

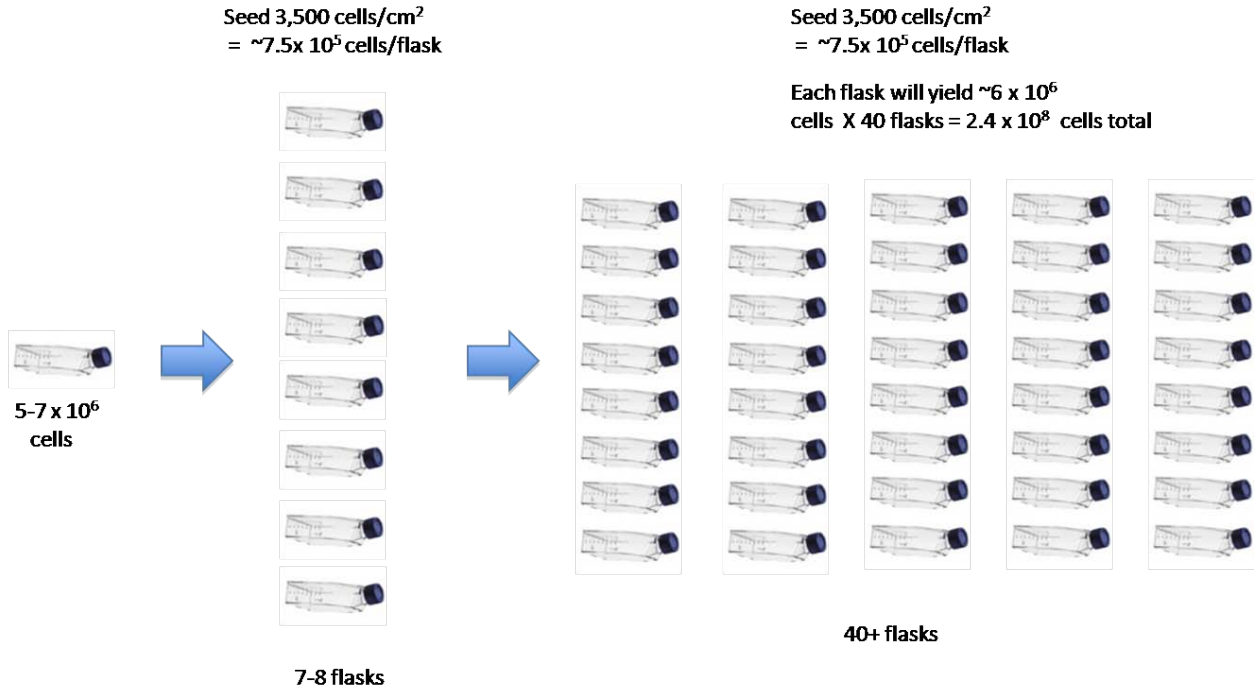
- 1) Change media the day after seeding and every OTHER day thereafter.
- 2) Increase media volume as confluency increases (volumes assume the use of
- 3) T225 flasks):
  - a. 25 % = 1mL/5 cm<sup>2</sup>
  - b. 25-45% = 1.5mL/ 5 cm<sup>2</sup>
  - c. 45%+ = 2mL/ 5 cm<sup>2</sup>.
- 4) Per the above an exemplary schedule might be:
  - a. day 1, plate into T225: use 50 mls of media.
  - b. day 2, change media, use 50 mls of media
  - c. day 4, change media, use 100 mls of media (if confluency is >50%)
  - d. day 6, change media, use 100 mls of media (or harvest if ready)
  - e. day 7 or 8 (harvest when cells reach 6 x 10<sup>6</sup> cells/flask)

### **D. Harvest**

- 1) Pass cells 3-4 times until the desired cell number is achieved (primary cells will senesce after 4-5 passages).
- 2) Remove cells from flasks according to protocol described above under 'subculturing'
- 3) Examine viability using trypan blue staining (SOP TP-7)

**Exemplary Expansion**

The diagram below illustrates an exemplary expansion of NHEKs from a Lonza starter culture:



- The initial T225 flask received from Lonza will have ~6 x 10<sup>6</sup> cells; this will then be split and seeded at ~3,500 cells/cm<sup>2</sup>; each new T225 flask will therefore be seeded with ~750K cells.
- The initial flask will yield up to 7-8 daughter flasks depending on how large of an expansion is targeted.
- Once these flasks have reached the target density again, they can be split and seeded into up to 40 flasks.
- The 40 granddaughter flasks will each yield ~6 x 10<sup>6</sup> cells, providing a total theoretical yield of 2.5x10<sup>8</sup> cells.

Media requirements: Each flask will require ~50mL of medium with additional medium for feedings during the doubling/expansion process.

**SOP:** Propagation of GM06990  
**Date modified:** 10/29/2008  
**Modified by:** Jeff Goldy/M. Dorschner

### **Ordering Information**

GM06990 may be ordered from Coriell Cell Repositories. Proliferating cells are shipped in a T25 flask with 10-20ml of media.

To order starter cultures:

Name/Catalogue #: GM06990

### **Notes:**

This cell line grows in suspension and should be maintained at a density between  $2 \times 10^5$  cells/ml and  $1 \times 10^6$  cells/ml.

### **Materials List**

1. RPMI 1640 with 2mM L-glutamine (cellgro Cat# 10-040-CM)
2. Fetal Bovine Serum (cellgro Cat# 35-016-CV)
3. T225 culture flasks
4. Graduated pipets (1, 5, 25, 50mL)
5. Penicillin-Streptomycin Solution, 100X (Cellgro, Cat#300-002CI)
6. Hemocytometer
7. Micropipet w/ P20 tips
8. Microscope
9. Freezing medium (growth medium containing 6% DMSO)

### **Growth Medium for GM06990**

RPMI 1640 with 2mM L-glutamine

15% FBS

Pen-Strep (1X)

### **Procedure**

#### **A. Receipt of proliferating cells and generation of seed stocks**

- 1) Equilibrate unopened T25 flask overnight in 37°C, 5% CO<sub>2</sub> humidified incubator to allow cells to recover.
- 2) Cells should be counted the next day and split to achieve a cell density of 200,000-500,000 cells/ml.
- 3) Cells should be incubated in upright flasks with vented or loose caps.
- 4) Upon reaching the desired number, cells should be spun down, rinsed with 1X PBS, resuspended in freezing medium.
- 5) Cells are dispensed into cryovials (2 million per aliquot) and frozen in a -80°C isopropanol bath overnight.
- 6) Cryovials are transferred the next day to liquid nitrogen for long term storage.



## **B. Sub-culture and Maintenance**

- 1) Maintain culture at a cell density between  $2 \times 10^5$  and  $1 \times 10^6$  cells/ml.
- 2) Cells will either need to be fed again after 3-4 days or split depending on the cell density. Splitting can be performed by centrifuging cells at 500g for 5 minutes, decanting growth medium and rinsing in sterile 1X PBS. Cells should then be resuspended in fresh growth medium to achieve a density  $2 \times 10^5$  and  $1 \times 10^6$  cells/ml.

## **C. Harvest**

- 1) Pass cells until the desired number of cells is reached.
- 2) Spin down and rinse cells as described above in Sub-culture and maintenance.

**SOP:** Propagation of Sk-N-SH  
**Date modified:** 9/5/2008  
**Modified by:** J. Goldy/M. Dorschner

### Ordering Information

SK-N-SH can be ordered from ATCC as a frozen ampule.

Name: Sk-N-SH, Neuroblastoma  
ATCC #: HTB-11

### Notes:

This is an adherent cell line. Cells are differentiated with retinoic acid (ATRA) for 48 hours prior to harvesting.

### Materials List

1. RPMI 1640 with 2mM L-glutamine (Cellgro Cat# 10-040-CM)
2. Fetal Bovine Serum (Cellgro Cat# 35-016-CV)
3. Sodium Pyruvate (Cellgro Cat# 25-000-CI)
4. T225 culture flasks
5. *all trans*-Retinoic acid (Sigma, Cat #R2625)
6. Graduated pipets (1, 5, 25mL)
7. Penicillin-Streptomycin Solution, 100X (Cellgro, Cat#300-002CI)
8. Hemocytometer
9. Micropipet w/ P20 tips
10. Microscope

### Growth Medium for SK-N-Sh

RPMI 1640 with 2mM L-glutamine  
Sodium Pyruvate 10mM  
10% FBS  
Pen-strep (1X)

### Procedure

#### **A. Receipt of frozen cells and starting cell cultures.**

- 1) Immediately place frozen cells in liquid nitrogen storage incubator.
- 2) Quickly thaw ampoule in 37°C water bath
- 3) Transfer thawed cells to a T75 flask with 40ml of warm growth media.
- 4) Allow cells to recover over night in 37°C, 5% CO<sub>2</sub> humidified incubator.
- 5) Pour off medium the next day, replace with fresh medium and return to incubator.

**B. Sub-culture**

- 1) Propagate cells until density reaches 70-80% confluence.
- 2) Decant medium.
- 3) Wash cells with warm 1X PBS.
- 4) Add 8mLs of Accutase and return to incubator for 10-15 minutes.
- 5) Immediately remove cells and pellet at 500 xg for 3 minutes (4°C).
- 6) Wash cells 2X with 1X PBS.
- 7) Gently re-suspend cell pellet in warm medium.
- 8) Perform 1:3 to 1:8 cell split as needed.
- 9) Record each subculture event as a passage.

**C. Maintenance**

- 1) Change media the day after seeding and 1-2 times per week thereafter.  
Use ~50mLs of medium per T225 flask.

**D. Differentiation**

- 1) Upon reaching the desired cell number, add growth medium containing 6uM *all trans*-retinoic acid. Cells should be cultured for 48 hours in differentiation medium.

**E. Harvest**

- 1) Do not use cells that have been passed more than 8 times
- 2) Remove cells from flasks according to protocol described above under 'subculturing'
- 3) Examine viability using trypan blue staining (SOP)

**SOP:** Propagation of Ovc3  
**Date modified:** 9/5/2008  
**Modified by:** J. Goldy/M. Dorschner

### Ordering Information

Ovc3 can be ordered from ATCC as a frozen ampoule.

Name: Ovc3, ovarian adenocarcinoma  
ATCC #: HTB-161

### Notes:

This is an adherent cell line.

### Materials List

1. RPMI-1640 with 2mM L-glutamine (Cellgro Cat# 10-040-CM)
2. Fetal Bovine Serum (Cellgro Cat# 35-016-CV)
3. Sodium Bicarbonate (Cellgro Cat# 25-035-CI)
4. Sodium Pyruvate (Cellgro Cat# 25-000-CI)
5. HEPES buffer (Cellgro Cat# 25-060-CI)
6. T75 & T225 culture flasks
7. Graduated pipets (1, 5, 25mL)
8. Penicillin-Streptomycin Solution (100X) (Cellgro Cat# 30-002-CI)
9. Hemocytometer
10. Micropipet w/ P20 tips
11. Microscope

### Growth Medium for Ovc3

RPMI-1640 with 2mM L-glutamine  
HEPES Buffer 10mM  
Sodium Pyruvate 1mM  
20% FBS  
Pen-Strep (1X)  
Sodium Bicarbonate 1.5g/L  
Bovine Insulin 0.01mg/ml

### Procedure

#### **A. Receipt of frozen cells and starting cell cultures.**

- 1) Immediately place frozen cells in liquid nitrogen storage incubator.
- 2) Quickly thaw ampoule in 37°C water bath.
- 3) Transfer thawed cells to a T75 flask with 40mLs of warm growth media.
- 4) Allow cells to recover over night in 37°C, 5% CO<sub>2</sub> humidified incubator.
- 5) Pour off medium the next day, replace with fresh medium and return to incubator.

**B. Sub-culture**

- 1) Propagate cells until density reaches 70-80% confluence.
- 2) Decant medium.
- 3) Wash cells with warm 1X PBS.
- 4) Add 8mLs of Accutase and return to incubator for 10-15 minutes.
- 5) Immediately remove cells and pellet at 500 xg for 5 minutes (4°C)
- 6) Wash cells 2X with 1X PBS.
- 7) Gently re-suspend cell pellet in warm medium.
- 8) Perform 1:2 to 1:4 cell split as needed.
- 9) Record each subculture event as a passage.

**C. Maintenance**

- 1) Change media the day after seeding and every 2-3 days thereafter.  
Use ~50ml of medium per T225 flask.

**D. Harvest**

- 1) Do not use cells that have been passed more than 8 times.
- 2) Remove cells from flasks according to protocol described above under 'subculturing'.
- 3) Let cells grow 48 hours past confluence.
- 4) Examine viability using trypan blue staining (SOP).

**SOP:** Propagation of BJ-tert  
**Date modified:** 9/5/2008  
**Modified by:** J. Goldy/M. Dorschner

### **Ordering Information**

BJ-tert can be ordered from ATCC as a frozen ampoule.

Name: BJ-tert, skin fibroblast  
ATCC #: CRL-2522

### **Notes:**

This is an adherent cell line.

### **Materials List**

1. MEM with 2mM L-glutamine (Cellgro Cat# 10-010-CM).
2. Fetal Bovine Serum (Cellgro Cat# 35-016-CV)
3. Sodium Bicarbonate (Cellgro Cat# 25-035-CI)
4. Sodium pyruvate (Cellgro Cat# 25-000-CI)
5. Non-essential amino acids (Cellgro Cat# 25-025-CI)
6. T75 & T225 culture flasks
7. Graduated pipets (1, 5, 25mL)
8. Penicillin-Streptomycin Solution (100X) (Cellgro Cat# 30-002-CI)
9. Hemocytometer
10. Micropipet w/ P20 tips
11. Microscope

### **Growth Medium for BJ-tert**

MEM with 2mM L-glutamine  
Non-essential amino acids  
Sodium Pyruvate 1mM  
10% FBS  
Pen-Strep (1X)  
Sodium Bicarbonate 1.5g/L

### **Procedure**

#### **A. Receipt of frozen cells and starting cell cultures.**

- 1) Immediately place frozen cells in liquid nitrogen storage incubator.
- 2) Quickly thaw ampoule in 37°C water bath
- 3) Transfer thawed cells to a T75 flask with 40mLs of warm growth media.
- 4) Allow cells to recover over night in 37°C, 5% CO<sub>2</sub> humidified incubator.
- 5) Pour off medium the next day, replace with fresh medium and return to incubator.

**B. Sub-culture**

- 1) Propagate cells until density reaches 70-80% confluence.
- 2) Decant medium.
- 3) Wash cells with warm 1X PBS.
- 4) Add 8mLs of Accutase and return to incubator for 10-15 minutes.
- 5) Immediately remove cells and pellet at 500 xg for 5 minutes (4°C).
- 6) Wash cells 2X with 1X PBS.
- 7) Gently re-suspend cell pellet in warm medium.
- 8) Perform 1:2 to 1:9 cell split as needed.
- 9) Record each subculture event as a passage.

**C. Maintenance**

- 1) Change media the day after seeding and every 2-3 days thereafter.  
Use ~50ml of medium per T225 flasks.

**D. Harvest**

- 1) Do not use cells that have been passed more than 8 times.
- 2) Remove cells from flasks according to protocol described above under 'subculturing'.
- 3) Examine viability using trypan blue staining (SOP).

**SOP:** Propagation of Caco-2  
**Date modified:** 9/5/2008  
**Modified by:** J. Goldy/M. Dorschner

### **Ordering Information**

Caco-2 can be ordered from ATCC as a frozen ampoule.

Name: Caco-2, colorectal adenocarcinoma  
ATCC #: HTB-37

### **Notes:**

This is an adherent cell line.

### **Materials List**

1. MEM with 2mM L-glutamine (Cellgro Cat# 10-010-CM)
2. Fetal Bovine Serum (Cellgro Cat# 35-016-CV)
3. Sodium Bicarbonate (Cellgro Cat# 25-035-CI)
4. Sodium Pyruvate (Cellgro Cat# 25-000-CI)
5. Non-essential amino acids (Cellgro Cat# 25-025-CI)
6. T75 & T225 culture flasks
7. Graduated pipets (1, 5, 25mL)
8. Penicillin-Streptomycin Solution (100X) (Cellgro Cat# 30-002-CI)
9. Hemocytometer
10. Micropipet w/ P20 tips
11. Microscope

### **Growth Medium for Caco-2**

MEM with 2mM L-glutamine  
Non-essential amino acids  
Sodium Pyruvate 1mM  
20% FBS  
Pen-Strep (1X)  
Sodium Bicarbonate 1.5g/L

### **Procedure**

#### **A. Receipt of frozen cells and starting cell cultures.**

- 1) Immediately place frozen cells in liquid nitrogen storage incubator.
- 2) Quickly thaw ampoule in 37°C water bath.
- 3) Transfer thawed cells to a T75 flask with 40mLs of warm growth media.
- 4) Allow cells to recover over night in 37°C, 5% CO<sub>2</sub> humidified incubator.
- 5) Pour off medium the next day, replace with fresh medium and return to incubator.



**B. Sub-culture**

- 1) Propagate cells until density reaches ~80% confluence ( $8 \times 10^4 - 10^5$  cells/cm<sup>2</sup>).
- 2) Decant medium.
- 3) Wash cells with warm 1X PBS.
- 4) Add 8mLs of Accutase and return to incubator for 10-15 minutes.
- 5) Immediately remove cells and pellet at 500 xg for 5 minutes (4°C)
- 6) Wash cells 2X with 1X PBS.
- 7) Gently re-suspend cell pellet in warm medium.
- 8) Perform 1:4 to 1:8 cell split as needed. Seed at a density of  $10^4$  cells/cm<sup>2</sup>.
- 9) Record each subculture event as a passage.

**C. Maintenance**

- 1) Change media the day after seeding and 1- 2 times per week.  
Use ~50mLs of medium per T225 flask.

**D. Differentiation**

- 1) Upon reaching the desired cell number, cells are grown to confluence. Cells are not harvested until 2 days after confluence to ensure complete differentiation.

**E. Harvest**

- 2) Do not use cells that have been passed more than 8 times.
- 3) Remove cells from flasks according to protocol described above under 'subculturing'.
- 4) Let cells grow 48 hours past confluence.
- 5) Examine viability using trypan blue staining (SOP).

**SOP:** Propagation of HEK293  
**Date modified:** 9/5/2008  
**Modified by:** J. Goldy/M. Dorschner

### **Ordering Information**

Hek293 can be ordered from ATCC as a frozen ampoule.

Name: HEK293, embryonic kidney  
ATCC #: CRL-1573

### **Notes:**

This is an adherent cell line.

### **Materials List**

1. MEM with 2mM L-glutamine (Cellgro Cat# 10-010-CM)
2. Fetal Bovine Serum (Cellgro Cat# 35-016-CV)
3. Sodium Bicarbonate (Cellgro Cat# 25-035-CI)
4. Sodium pyruvate (Cellgro Cat# 25-000-CI)
5. Non-essential amino acids (Cellgro Cat# 25-025-CI)
6. T225 culture flasks
7. Graduated pipets (1, 5, 25mL)
8. Penicillin-Streptomycin Solution (100X) (Cellgro Cat# 30-002-CI)
9. Hemocytometer
10. Micropipet w/ P20 tips
11. Microscope

### **Growth Medium for HEK293**

MEM with 2mM L-glutamine  
Non-essential amino acids  
Sodium Pyruvate 1mM  
10% FBS  
Pen-strep (1X)  
Sodium Bicarbonate 1.5g/L

### **Procedure**

#### **A. Receipt of frozen cells and starting cell cultures.**

- 1) Immediately place frozen cells in liquid nitrogen storage incubator.
- 2) Quickly thaw ampoule in 37°C water bath.
- 3) Transfer thawed cells to a T75 flask with 40mLs of warm growth media.
- 4) Allow cells to recover over night in 37°C, 5% CO<sub>2</sub> humidified incubator.
- 5) Pour off medium the next day, replace with fresh medium and return to incubator.

**B. Sub-culture**

- 1) Propagate cells until density reaches 70-80% confluence.
- 2) Decant medium.
- 3) Wash cells with warm 1X PBS.
- 4) Add 8mLs of Accutase and return to incubator for 10-15 minutes.
- 5) Immediately remove cells and pellet at 500 xg for 5 minutes (4°C)
- 6) Wash cells 2X with 1X PBS.
- 7) Gently re-suspend cell pellet in warm medium.
- 8) Perform 1:2 to 1:4 cell split as needed.
- 9) Record each subculture event as a passage.

**C. Maintenance**

- 1) Change media the day after seeding and every 2-3 days thereafter.  
Use ~50mLs of medium per T225 flask.

**D. Harvest**

- 1) Do not use cells that have been passed more than 8 times.
- 2) Remove cells from flasks according to protocol described above under 'subculturing'.
- 3) Examine viability using trypan blue staining (SOP).

**SOP:** Propagation of MCF-7  
**Date modified:** 9/5/2008  
**Modified by:** J. Goldy/M. Dorschner

### **Ordering Information**

MCF-7 can be ordered from ATCC as a frozen ampoule.

Name: MCF-7, mammary gland, adenocarcinoma  
ATCC #: HTB-22

### **Notes:**

This is an adherent cell line.

### **Materials List**

1. MEM with 2mM L-glutamine (Cellgro Cat# 10-010-CM)
2. Fetal Bovine Serum (cellgro Cat# 35-016-CV)
3. Sodium Bicarbonate (cellgro Cat# 25-035-CI)
4. Non-essential amino acids (cellgro Cat# 25-025-CI)
5. T75 & T225 culture flasks
6. Graduated pipets (1, 5, 25mL)
7. Penicillin-Streptomycin Solution (100X) (Cellgro Cat# 30-002-CI)
8. Hemocytometer
9. Micropipet w/ P20 tips
10. Microscope

### **Growth Medium for MCF-7**

MEM with 2mM L-glutamine  
Non-essential amino acids  
10% FBS  
Pen-Strep (1X)  
Sodium Bicarbonate 1.5g/L

### **Procedure**

#### **A. Receipt of frozen cells and starting cell cultures**

- 1) Immediately place frozen cells in liquid nitrogen storage incubator.
- 2) Quickly thaw ampule in 37°C water bath.
- 3) Transfer thawed cells to a T75 flask with 40mLs of warm growth media.
- 4) Allow cells to recover over night in 37°C, 5% CO<sub>2</sub> humidified incubator.
- 5) Pour off medium the next day, replace with fresh medium and return to incubator.

**B. Sub-culture**

- 1) Propagate cells until density reaches 70-80% confluence.
- 2) Decant medium.
- 3) Wash cells with warm 1X PBS.
- 4) Add 8mLs of Accutase and return to incubator for 10-15 minutes.
- 5) Immediately remove cells and pellet at 500 xg for 5 minutes (4°C).
- 6) Wash cells 2X with 1X PBS.
- 7) Gently re-suspend cell pellet in warm medium.
- 8) Perform 1:3 to 1:6 cell split as needed.
- 9) Record each subculture event as a passage.

**C. Maintenance**

- 1) Change media the day after seeding and every 2-3 days thereafter.  
Use ~50mLs of medium per T225 flask.

**D. Harvest**

- 1) Do not use cells that have been passed more than 8 times.
- 2) Remove cells from flasks according to protocol described above under 'subculturing'.
- 3) Examine viability using trypan blue staining (SOP).

**SOP:** Propagation of NTERA-2  
**Date modified:** 9/5/2008  
**Modified by:** J. Goldy/M. Dorschner

### **Ordering Information**

NTERA-2 can be ordered from ATCC as a frozen ampoule.

Name: NTERA-2, testis-malignant pluripotent embryonal carcinoma  
ATCC #: CRL-1973

### **Notes:**

This is an adherent cell line. Cells must be scraped for subculturing and harvesting.

### **Materials List**

1. DMEM with 2mM L-glutamine (Cellgro Cat# 10-013-CM)
2. Fetal Bovine Serum (Cellgro Cat# 35-016-CV)
3. Sodium Bicarbonate (Cellgro Cat# 25-035-CI)
4. Cell Scraper (Falcon Cat# 353087)
5. T75 & T225 culture flasks
6. Graduated pipets (1, 5, 25mL)
7. Penicillin-Streptomycin Solution (100X) (Cellgro Cat# 30-002-CI)
8. Hemocytometer
9. Micropipet w/ P20 tips
10. Microscope

### **Growth Medium for NTERA-2**

DMEM with 2mM L-glutamine  
10% FBS  
Pen-strep (1X)  
Sodium Bicarbonate 1.5g/L

### **Procedure**

#### **A. Receipt of frozen cells and starting cell cultures.**

- 1) Immediately place frozen cells in liquid nitrogen storage incubator.
- 2) Quickly thaw ampoule in 37°C water bath.
- 3) Transfer thawed cells to a T75 flask with 40mLs of warm growth media.
- 4) Allow cells to recover over night in 37°C, 5% CO<sub>2</sub> humidified incubator.
- 5) Pour off medium the next day, replace with fresh medium and return to incubator.

**B. Sub-culture**

- 1) Propagate cells until density reaches 70-80% confluence.
- 2) Scrape cells from each flask using cell scraper.
- 3) Immediately remove cells each flask and pellet at 500 xg for 5 minutes (4°C).
- 4) Gently re-suspend cell pellet in warm medium.
- 5) Perform 1:4 to 1:8 cell split as needed. New subcultures should be seeded at  $\geq 1.5 \times 10^7$  viable cells per 225 cm<sup>2</sup> flask.
- 6) Record each subculture event as a passage.

**C. Maintenance**

- 1) Change media the day after seeding and every 2-3 days thereafter. Cultures should be maintained at high density. Use ~50mLs of medium per T225 flask.

**D. Harvest**

- 1) Do not use cells that have been passed more than 8 times.
- 2) Remove cells from flasks according to protocol described above under 'subculturing'.
- 3) Examine viability using trypan blue staining (SOP).

**SOP:** Propagation of Th1  
**Date modified:** 11/17/2008  
**Modified by:** M. Dorschner

**Source Information:**

Cells are procured from primary pheresis of a single normal subject.

**Notes:**

Th1 T-cell subset is purified and expanded in primary culture.

**Materials List**

1. Naïve CD4+ T cell isolation kit (Miltenyi Biotech, Cat # 130-091-894)
2. autoMACS Separator (Miltenyi Biotech)
3. Aim V medium (Invitrogen, Cat # 087-0112DK)
4. AB serum (Lonza Bioscience, Cat # 14-490E)
5. Anti-CD3/Anti-CD28 coated beads (Dyna/Invitrogen, Cat #111-31D)
6. Human IL-2 (R&D Systems)
7. Human IL-12 (R&D Systems)
8. Anti-Human IL-4 (eBioscience)
9. Bio-Plex Human Cytokine Th1/Th2 Panel (Bio-Rad, Cat # 171-A11081)
10. T25 & T225 culture flasks
11. Graduated pipets
12. Hemocytometer
13. Phorbol 12-myristate 13-acetate (Sigma, Cat # P1585)
14. Ionomycin (Sigma, Cat # I3909)

**Th1 Polarization Medium**

Aim V medium  
2% AB serum  
Human IL-2 (50 IU/mL)  
Human IL-12 (10 ng/mL)  
Anti-Human IL-4 (5 ug/mL)

**Procedure**

**A. Isolation of naïve CD4+ T cells**

- 1) Isolate naïve CD4+ T cells by negative selection using the Naïve CD4+ T Cell Isolation Kit according to manufacturer's recommendations.



**B. Stimulation and polarization of cells**

- 1) Resuspend naïve CD4<sup>+</sup> T cells (93%  $\geq$  CD4<sup>+</sup>CD45RA<sup>+</sup>) in Aim V medium containing 2% serum.
- 2) Stimulate cells with anti-CD3 and anti-CD28 coated beads in polarizing medium.
- 3) Expand cells in culture for 7-10 days.
- 4) If needed, stimulate cells with PMA (2.5 ug/mL) and Ionomycin (500 uM) to divide.

**C. Confirmation of Th1 polarization**

- 1) Assay supernatant with Bio-Plex Human Cytokine Th1/Th2 panel according to manufacturer's protocol.

**D. Harvest**

- 1) Pellet cells by centrifugation and wash cells in 1X PBS.
- 2) Examine viability using trypan blue staining.